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## First/Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2013/Jan.2014

Time: 1	3 hrs. Max	. Marks:100
.2	. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing at least two from each part.  Answer all objective type questions only in OMR sheet page 5 of the ans  Answer to objective type questions on sheets other than OMR will not be	
	PART – A	
1 a.	Choose the correct answers for the following:	(04 Mark
	i) The polarity of voltage drop across a resistor is determined by	
	A) the value of resistor B) the value of current	
	C) direction of current in resistor D) the polarity of source	
	ii) Three resistors of 4 $\Omega$ , 6 $\Omega$ and 9 $\Omega$ are connected in parallel in a netw	ork. Maximu
	power will be consumed by	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ll resistors
	iii) The magnitude of statically induced e.m.f. depends on	
	A) the coil resistance B) the flux magnitude	
	C) the rate of change of flux D) all of these	
	iv) The direction of induced e.m.f.in a conductor (or coil) can be determined	ed by .
	A) Work law B) Ampere's law	
	C) Fleming's right hand rule D) Fleming's left hand rule	
b.	Derive equation for energy stored in magnetic field.	(04 Mar
c.	Find the value of resistance R2 as shown in Fig.Q1(c), so that current drawn in	
	is 250 mA. All the resistor values are in ohm.	(06 Mar
		•
	+ / 32	
	5 V 30 30 3 240 240	
	- 7 7 20	
	40	
	Fig.Q1(c) $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{A}}$	
d.	Coils A and B in a magnetic circuit have 600 and 500 turns respectively. As c	urrent of 8A
	coll A produces a flux of 0.04 Wb. If coefficient of coupling is 0.2, calculate:	Ĭ.
	i) Self inductance of coil A, with B open circuited.	5 45 2 4
	ii) Flux linkage with coil B.	A Section 1
,	iii) The average emf induced in coil B when the flux with it changes from ze	ro to full ve
	in 0.02 second.	<i></i> **
	iv) Mutual inductance.	(06 Mar
2 a.	Choose the correct answers for the following:	(04 Mar
<b>4</b> a.	i) A coil is rotating in the uniform magnetic field of an 8 pole ger	•
	revolution of the coil, the number of cycles generated by the voltage is	
		eight
	ATORC DIEWO CHOR DIE	ر المنظور

C) zero

B)-1

A) +1

D) ½

	2	a.	iii)	In the circuit show	own in Fig.Q2(a)(iii) n. What is the source	, the potential differ voltage, V?	rence across the various
				Cientones are me			
				,	20 A-41-4-1 EG		
				1	( )		
r . 					V		
ر امر					Fig.Q2(a)(iii)		D) 150 V
	- #* #*			A) 50 V	B) 100 V	C) zero	17) 150 1
	.,	٠	iv)	If two phasors A	$= 60  [40^{\circ}], B = (6 + j0)$	)), then $A/B = $	
				A) 360 40°	B) 60 40°	C) 10[40°	D) $19[-40^{\circ}]$
		b.	10 C	ralua af ci	mucaidal valtage in te	rms its maximum valu	ue. (04 Marks)
		о. С.	A :2	vákástor coil is cont	rected to supply of 259	u v at 50 Hz and take:	S A CHACHE OF SAY, THE COM-
		•	12	750 W. Calor	date nower factor, res	istance and inductance	EQT THE COIL (00 marks)
		d.	A	manifort of 50 HE	shunted across a non-	inductive resistance	Of 100 25 is connected in
			serie	s with a resistor o	of 50 $\Omega$ to a 200 V,	50 Hz supply. Fina	circuit current and power (06 Marks)
			facto	r.			(00 //111/11/7)
	3	a.	Cho	ose the correct ansi	wers for the following	; ;	(04 Marks)
	J	α.	i)	The advantage of	star-connected suppl	y system is that	
			.,	A) line-current is	equal to phase curren	it.	
				B) line voltage is	equal to $\sqrt{3}$ phase w	iltage	
				C) two voltage ca	an be used		
				D) it is simple an	rangement		
			ii)	The phase sequer	nce R Y B denotes tha	it Distribution fof	'Y lags R by 120°
				A) the c.m.f of F	R leads Y by 120°	D) all of these	I lags R by 120
			115	C) the e.m.f of Y	leads B by 120°	hy two Wattmeter	method, both Wattmeters
			iii)	In a three-phase	alue. The power facto	r of the load must be	•
				A) unity	B) 0.707 lag	C) 0.707 lead	D) zero
			iv)	Three phace app	grent nower is equal t	o '	
			,	AN 1237 F	D) √3 V. L. cos	க் C)√3 Vulus <b>in</b>	φ D) V <sub>L</sub> I <sub>L</sub>
		b.	Wit	h the aid of a phas	or diagram obtain the	relationship betweet	Estile title and hunge talast
		U.	of v	altones in a three r	shase star connected S	vstem.	(00 (141)(3)
		c.	0.4	وطفاكم وموموني الأسائي	nhace cystem over	a single-phase system	n. (04 Marks)
		đ.	and .	5 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	seeh howing a resis	stance of 10 \$2 and	a reactained of 10 as and
			con	nected in delta, aci	ross 400 V. 3-phase s	supply. Find the fine c	current and the readings or (06 Marks
			the	two Wattmeters co	nnected to measure th	ie power.	•
	4	a.	Ch	oose the correct an	swers for the followin	ng :	(04 Marks
	7	a.	i)	Dynamometer ty	ype instruments can b	e used for	
•.			-/	A) A.C. only		B) D.C. omy	
				C) both A C an	d D.C	D) none of the	
			ii)		ionly used induction t	ype instrument is C) Watt-hour	meter D) Wattmeter
				A) Voltmeter	B) Ammeter	estic and commercial i	
			iii)	Most modern w	uring system for dome	B) Wooden-B	atten wiring
				A) Cleat wiring C) Wooden-cas	ing wiring	D) Conduit w	iring
			iv)	The flice wire for	or smaller current ratio	ng (up to 10 A) are ma	ade of
			10,	A) Lead-tin allo	by B) Copper	C) Lead	D) Aluminium

(06 Marks)

4	b.	1	(06 Marks)							
	c.	Explain staircase wiring.	(04 Marks)							
	d.	With a neat sketch, explain plate earthing.	(06 Marks)							
		PART - B	(04 Marks)							
5	a.	Choose the correct answers for the following:								
		i) The number of parallel paths in the armature winding of a four pole, wave	connected							
		de machine having 28 coil-sides is	i							
		A) 28 B) 14 C) 4 D) 2	•.							
		The e.m.f generated by a given de generator depends upon								
		A) the flux only B) the speed only								
		both flux and speed D) the terminal voltage								
		iii) The back e.m.f in a de motor is given as								
		A) $V+I_aR_a$ B) $V-I_aR_a$ C) $V$ D) $I_aR_a$								
		iv) The speed of the d.c. motor is								
		A) directly proportional to both its back emf and flux								
		B) inversely proportional to both its back emf and flux								
		C) directly proportional to flux but inversely proportional to its back emf								
		D) directly proportional to its back emf but inversely proportional to flux	(00.84 1.)							
	b.		(08 Marks)							
	c.		1000 mm2							
		0.065 Wb. What will be the e.mrf. generated if it is lap connected and runs at	TOOU IPIII:							
		What must be the speed at which it is to be driven to produce the same emf i	(00 Morks)							
		wound?	(08 Marks)							
_		Cl	(04 Marks)							
6	a.	a. Choose the correct answers for the following:								
		i) The core of a transformer is assembled with laminated sheets so as to								
		A) reduce hysteresis less								
		B) reduce Eddy current loss								
		C) both hysterisis and Eddy current loss								
		D) copper loss  ii) A single phase, 5 kVA, 200 V/100 V, transformer has rated primary and	l secondary							
		ii) A single phase, 5 kVA, 200 V/100 V, transformer has rated primary and currents at rated voltage								
		A) 25 A and 50 A  B) 50 A and 25 A								
		C) 12.5 A and 62.5 A  D) 62.5 A and 12.5 A								
		iii) If the fuel load core loss of a transformer is 100 W, its core loss at half load	l will be							
		$C = C \times $	V							
		iv) A transformer operates at maximum efficiency, when								
		A) core losses minimum								
		B) copper loss minimum								
		C) core loss = copper loss								
		D) none of these	19-3							
	b.		s of a single							
		phase transformer connected to a sinusoidal supply.	(05 Marks)							
	c.	- control of the cont	(05 Marks)							
	d.									
		960 W. Calculate:								
		i) The efficiency at full load, OPF.								
		ii) The efficiency at half load, 0.8 pf.								
		iii) The load kVA at which maximum efficiency will occur.	(06 Marks)							
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1201	(04 Marks)
D) none of these  ii) A 4-pole, 1200 rpm alternator will generate an emf at a frequency of A) 60 Hz B) 50 Hz C) 40 Hz D) 25  iii) Full pitch windings have coil span of A) 180° B) 90° C) 270° D) 37  iv) The current from an alternator is taken out to external load circuit through 20 commutator segments B) slip-rings D) solid connection 50 carbon brushes D) solid connection 60 carbon brushes D) carbon brus	
A) 60 Hz  iii) Full pitch windings have coil span of A) 180° B) 90° C) 270° D) 36 A) 180° The current from an alternator is taken out to external load circuit through the current from an alternator is taken out to external load circuit through the current from an alternator is taken out to external load circuit through the current from an alternator is taken out to external load circuit through the current from an alternator is taken out to external load circuit through the current from an alternator is alternator revolves at loop of an alternator with their carrent from an alternator revolves at loop of an alternator with their carrent from an alternator revolves at loop of an alternator with their carrent from an alternator revolves at loop of an alternator with their carrent from an alternator revolves at loop of the set of an alternator with their carrent from an alternator revolves at loop of the set of an alternator revolves at loop of the set of an alternator with their carrent from an alternator is alternator revolves at loop of the set of an alternator revolves at loop of the induction motor is zero, its slip is  A) N = P/120 f  iii) When speed of the induction motor is zero, its slip is  A) zero  B) 0.5  C) one D) iv) The number of slip rings in a three phase wound rotor induction motor  A) 3  B) 4  C) 9  D)  Explain the principle of operation of a three phase induction motor.  With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter.	
A) 180° B) 90° C) 270° D) 36  A) 180° B) 90° C) 270° D) 36  iv) The current from an alternator is taken out to external load circuit through (a) commutator segments B) slip-rings D) solid connection  b. By means of a reat diagram, describe the main parts of an alternator with their and 8 conductors per slot. The flux per pole is 0.05 Wb (sinusoidally distribute the voltage generated by the machine if the winding factor is 0.96 line and phase induction motor A) rotor conductors are open circuited B) rotor conductors are open circuited C) stator winding is open D) none of these ii) The relation between N <sub>8</sub> , f and P of three-phase inductor is A) N <sub>8</sub> = P/120 f B) N <sub>8</sub> = 120 P/f C) f = PN/120  iii) When speed of the induction motor is zero, its slip is A) zero B) 0.5 C) one D) iv) The number of slip rings in a three phase wound rotor induction motor A) 3 B) 4 C) 9 D) Explain the principle of operation of a three phase induction motor. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter.	5 Hz
The current from an alternator is taken out to external road circuit mayers.  A) commutator segments  B) slip-rings D) solid connection.  b. By means of a reat diagram, describe the main parts of an alternator with their  c. A 3-phase, 6-pole, star-connected alternator revolves at 1000 rpm. The stator hand 8 conductors per slot. The flux per pole is 0.05 Wb (sinusoidally distribute the voltage generated by the machine if the winding factor is 0.96 line and pha  8 a. Choose the correct answers for the following:  i) In a three phase induction motor A) rotor conductors are open circuited B) rotor conductors are open circuited C) stator winding is open D) none of these ii) The relation between N <sub>8</sub> , f and P of three-phase inductor is  A) N <sub>2</sub> = P/120 f B) N <sub>3</sub> = 120 P/f C) f = PN <sub>3</sub> /120 D) f  iii) When speed of the induction motor is zero, its slip is A) zero B) 0.5 C) one D) iv) The number of slip rings in a three phase wound rotor induction motor A) 3 B) 4 C) 9 D. Explain the principle of operation of a three phase induction motor. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram explain of 1% at no load, and the principle of neat circuit diagram explain of 1% at no load.	
<ul> <li>b. By means of a reat diagram, describe the main parts of an afternator with their c. A 3-phase, 6-pole, star-connected alternator revolves at 1000 rpm. The stator hand 8 conductors per slot. The flux per pole is 0.05 Wb (shausoidally distribute the voltage generated by the machine if the winding factor is 0.96 line and phase in the voltage generated by the machine if the winding factor is 0.96 line and phase in a three phase induction motor.  A) rotor conductors are open circuited. B) rotor conductors are short circuited. C) stator winding is open. D) none of these. ii) The relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is an inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is an inductor in the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is an inductor in the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase inductor is the relation between N<sub>8</sub>, f and P of three-phase</li></ul>	
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ii) The relation between $N_s$ , fand P of three-phase inductor is  A) $N_s = \frac{P}{120  f}$ B) $N_s = \frac{120  P}{f}$ C) $f = \frac{PN_s}{120}$ D) f  iii) When speed of the induction motor is zero, its slip is  A) zero B) 0.5 C) one D) iv) The number of slip rings in a three phase wound rotor induction motor A) 3 B) 4 C) 9 D)  b. Explain the principle of operation of a three phase induction motor. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter. C. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter.	
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c. With the help of neat circuit diagram, explain star-delta starter.	(05 Marks)
	(06 Marks)
Determine: i)synchronous speed; ii) no-load speed; iii) rath load	iv) frequency of (05 Marks)

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